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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/580,400	05/24/2006	Kohei Kiriyama	10404/20	2091
23838 KENYON & K	7590 10/08/200 ENYON LLP	8	EXAM	IINER
1500 K STREE	_	EDWARDS, NEWTON O		
SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/08/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Occurrence	10/580,400	KIRIYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	N. EDWARDS	1794				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	J. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
,	- action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 25 LLS C & 110(a)	(d) or (f)				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 33 0.3.0. § 119(a)	-(u) or (i).				
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received					
Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori		<u> </u>	Stage			
application from the International Bureau			g-			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	·					
Attachment(s)	A) 🗖 1	/DTO 440)				
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Double of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	atent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/26/06,2/4/08</u> .	6) [Other:					

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1. Regarding the IDS date 2/3/08 the lined reference was not considered since the document was not in the English language and no date was provided on the 1449.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 3. Claims 1-14 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1- 18 of U.S. Patent No. 7,357,982.

 Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because applicant filed genus and species claims in US 7,357,982 and serial number 10/580440. Thus obviousness type double patenting is met.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Abe (US 7,357,892) alone or optionally taken with Applicants admission at page 27 lines 8-20.

On one hand, Applicant admits that the tensile strengths (a and b of claim 1) are measured by JIS-L1013. On the other hand, reading claim 1 in light of the specification at page 27 supra reveals the strength retention(other wise called a tensile strength retention) is determined by the a/b X 100 in which a and b supra is measured by JIS-L1013.

Abe, a Toyo Boseki Kabushiki Kaisha patent, teaches a polybenzazole fiber having a tensile strength retention of 85% or more where in the tensile strengths (a and b) used to determine the strength retention was measured by JIS-L1013. Abe further teaches that the fiber has and (average) strength of 4.5 GPA or more in table 1 example 1-14, a (average) diameter of 11.5 microns example 33, and a length of 100mm ore less at col.9 lines 28-30, for example. See claim 1 and col.14 lines 47-54 of Abe for example. Reading claim 3, since the coefficient of variation of the diameters includes zero, it is not mandatory requirement. Abe still further teaches the fiber contains an organic pigment at a amount (mass) of 0.1 to 20% of having heat resistance and is soluble in mineral acid at col.5 lines 15-20 and col.6 lines 20-54, for example. Abe yet still further teaches the fiber comprise at least one component wherein said fiber can be made into a spun yarn, cord, composite material, fabric(woven and non-woven), knife proof vest,

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bullet proof vest, rope, and sail cloth. See claims 10-18 and col. 10 lines 49-62, for

example.

Regarding the issue of stoichiometric ratio (SR) of claim 4, the Primary Examiner has a

reason to believe that Abe polybenzazole fiber inherently posses the same SR as

recited in claim 4 due to the same structural identity (strength retention) as claimed.

No claims are allowed.

The cited patents disclosed the state of the prior art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Primary

Examiner Edwards at telephone number (571)272-1521.

/N Edwards/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1794